- 1. Ad hominem (abusive)
- 2. Appeal to pity
- 3. Composition (group)
- 4. Appeal to people (bandwagon)
- 5. Appeal to people (exclusivity)
- 6. Division (whole to parts)
- 7. Appeal to people (bandwagon)
- 8. Appeal to force
- 9. Rigid application of a generalization
- 10. Appeal to people (group solidarity)
- 11. The lawyer claims the punishment would commits the fallacy of composition (parts to whole), and the sentence should apply to the person, but the judge commits the fallacy of division by apply it to the part. (Either way both are acceptable.)
- 12. could be seen as committing the fallacy of division
- 13. Tu quoque
- 14. Slippery slope/ Appeal to pity
- 15. Hasty generalization
- 16. Ad Hominem (abusive)
- 17. Appeal to pity
- 18. Slippery slope
- 19. Ad hominem (poisoning the well)
- 20. Appeal to force
- 21. Composition (parts to whole)
- 22. Appeal to people (bandwagon)
- 23. Appeal to ad hominem (circumstantial)